#### Appendix E

Power Point on Comparison of UM Libraries with Peer Institutions

### Assessment and Response

Problems motivating current ULC actions

# State of collection is identified by faculty as greatest failing of library

 In Lib-Qual survey, the materials availability factor is 27% below faculty's definition of "satisfactory" collection, and even 15% below the definition of a "minimum" collection

LibQual survey of library patrons, Fall 2004

 Library summit reported deterioration in access to resources for research and teaching

Report on Library Summit, December 2007

### Comparison with peers shows faculty reports are realistic assessment of collection

- We are the significantly smallest library; 46% of mean volumes of our peers; 67% of smallest peer (UNC)
- We have access to the fewest journals; 42% of mean serial titles of peers; 75% of next fewest peer (UNC)
- We only spend 68% of the mean expenditure of our peers for collections (\$9.2M versus \$12.8m); 92% of our lowest peer (UNC: \$9.4m)

ARL statistics FY06 (excluding law and medical libraries)

## We are not closing the gap; we are widening the distance to being the library of a top 10 university

- We are adding fewer volumes than any of our peers: 29% of the mean of our peers; only 58% of our closest peer (UCLA) in FY06
- Our serials collection has fallen from 50% of the mean of peers in FY01 to 42% of mean in FY06

ARL statistics, FY01, FY06 (excluding law and medical libraries)

# We are in a position where being an average research library is now threatened

- Our collection is only 106% of the median collection size for ARL libraries
- We own only 81% of the serials titles of the median ARL library
- Our expenditures for materials are now 95% of the ARL median
- This tenuous position of mediocrity is eroding; we are adding only 72% of what the median ARL library is adding

ARL statistics, FY06

# Our current trajectory worsens the problem rather than addressing it

- In real dollars (materials budget adjusted for materials inflation), despite doubling our gross expenditures on materials, the annual materials budget is now over a million dollars short of maintaining the collection we had in 1994.
- The library estimates that by FY2011, without increases in the materials budget, we will lose another \$1.9 million of purchasing power; a further cut of 20% in library resources available to our campus.

from data provided by library and provost's office

## Aside from comparisons, the dimensions of the current cuts are dramatic

- 25% of our current journals have been cut in the last two years
- By FY2011, nearly half the current journal subscriptions of two years ago will be gone
- Our effective cut in published monographs over the last two years is around 18%
- By FY2011, we will be receiving only around 60 percent of the published scholarly monographs we received two years ago

## The widening gap of our resources is falling on vital aspects of the university's research goals

- As our collections retreat to core holdings in disciplines, interdisciplinary holdings have been eroded.
- The depth of our collection has eroded as core holdings are maintained and more specialized research literature eliminated.
- Foreign language resources have eroded even as research is internationalizing.
- Ancillary collections (such as law and medical) that support our research are targeted since they do not relate directly to the disciplinary matrix of our teaching mission at College Park
- As our resources erode, interlibrary loan requests have increased (up 151% from 1996 to 2006; 68% since 2002), forcing a protracted timeline for research projects and grant applications depending on access to past literature

from review of titles cut for FY07, FY08

# The problem with the library budget appears structural, not transitional

- Library materials support is generated from state/tuition funds. The president has indicated state funds will not increase in the foreseeable future. With tuition increases now central to state politics, revenue from tuition will also be a limited source of funds
- President urges improvement in research funding, but library support included in overhead for research grants is siphoned to other uses and never reaches the library
- President urges foundation support, but foundation support does not generally support maintenance, nor are general library collections a priority for donors.

President's speech to University Senate, September 2007

### We approach crisis . . .

- We still have an excellent undergraduate quality library
- The library that would support a top ten research institution is receding farther into the distance
- Our standing as even an average research library is now in the balance.

# Approaches guiding and being considered by ULC

- ULC is addressing a list of specific questions from the library collection management team to guide the immediate cuts that are being implemented in the collection
- 2. ULC is conducting a more general review of the libraries' policies that currently shape the process and product of collection decisions.
- 3. ULC is considering issuing a "worst case" challenge to the library, recognizing that the fundamental nature of the library as a resource is changing and asking the library to plan for a library whose goals fall short of a top ten, or even a top flight research institution.
- 4. ULC is considering a challenge to the provost (or to our three sponsors), declaring that we perceive an emergency, that we judge the status of the library as a facility for researchers seriously at risk, and requesting that the provost appoint a blue ribbon task force to assess the kind of library we should expect at a top ten research institution and advise the provost on what would be needed to provide such a library for the use of our researchers and students.

#### To take back to the ULC

- Your response to the blue ribbon proposal?
- Your suggestions on how we can assist you in addressing what we perceive as crisis?